

HISTORY OF PAKISTAN FROM 1947 TO PRESENT

1. Who became the second Governor General of Pakistan?
A. Sikandar Mirza
B. I.I Chandrigar
C. **Khawaja Nazim-ud-Din**
D. None of these
2. Cease Fire Line between India and Pakistan was established on _____ January 1949
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
3. Who the first day chaired the inaugural session of the First Constituent Assembly of Pakistan?
A. Quaid-e-Azam
B. Liaqat Ali Khan
C. **Juginder Nath Mandal**
D. None of these
4. Quaid-i-Azam took oath of Governor General from the
A. Liaqat Ali Khan
B. **Justice Abdul Rasheed**
C. Khawaja Nzim-ud-Din
D. None of these
5. Liaqat Ali Khan took oath of Prime Minister from the
A. **Quaid-e-Azam**
B. I.I Chandrigar
C. Khawaja Nzim-ud-Din
D. None of these
6. Quaid-e-Azam was appointed Governor General of Pakistan by
A. Viceroy
B. **King**
C. Queen
D. None of these
7. The First Constituent Assembly of Pakistan lasted for _____ years.
A. 5
B. 6
C. 7
D. 8
8. How many members were there in the First Constituent Assembly of Pakistan?
A. 59
B. **69**
C. 79
D. 89
9. How many members were added to the First Constituent Assembly of Pakistan?
A. 5
B. 8
C. **10**
D. 12
10. _____ members were taken from the East wing of Pakistan.
A. **44**
B. 45
C. 46
D. 47
11. _____ members were taken from the West wing of Pakistan.
A. 33
B. 34
C. **35**
D. 36
12. The first Constitution of Pakistan was approved by the National Assembly on
A. 23 March 1950
B. 23 March 1952
C. 23 March 1954
D. **23 March 1956**
13. Pakistan was an Islamic republic in the year
A. 1955
B. **1956**
C. 1957
D. 1958
14. The first constitution of Pakistan was abrogated by
A. Ch. Muhammad Ali
B. Ayub Khan
C. Yahya Khan
D. **None of these**
15. The first Martial Law was enforced on Pakistan on
A. 17 October 1958
B. **7 October 1958**
C. 23 March 1960
D. None of these
16. The term of National Assembly under the Constitution of 1962 was _____ years.
A. 3
B. 4
C. **5**
D. 6
17. The Finance Minister in the cabinet of Khawaja Nazim-ud-Din was
A. **Ch. Muhammad Ali**
B. Ghulam Muhammad
C. Khawaja Nazim-ud-Din
D. None of these
18. How many members were there in the Second Constituent Assembly of Pakistan?
A. 80
B. **85**

C. 87

D. 89

19. The first Prime Minister of Pakistan was
A. Khawaja Nazim-ud-Din
B. Quaid-e-Azam
C. Liaqat Ali Khan D. None of these
20. Liaqat Ali Khan was assassinated on
A. 14 October 1951 B. 15 October 1951
C. 16 October 1951 D. 17 October 1951
21. Who was the Prime Minister of India during the 1965 war between Pakistan and India?
A. Jawahar Lal Nehru
B. Morarji Desai
C. Lal Bahadur Shastri
D. Indira Gandhi
22. The last speaker of the National Assembly during Ayub's government was:
A. Khan A. Sabur
B. Sheikh Mujibur Rehman
C. Zahoor Khan
D. Abdul Jabbar Khan
23. Who is the author of the book, 'Friends Not Master'?
A. Ayub Khan B. Altaf Gauhar
C. Sharifuddin Pirzada
D. Helen Bolitho
24. Who was named the first leader of the opposition in Ayub Khan's constituted first national assembly?
A. Sardar Bahadur Khan
B. Mumtaz Daultana
C. Khwaja Nazimuddin
D. Mr. Yousaf Khattak
25. "If the president dissolves the legislature, he himself shall have to be re-elected. It was mentioned in Pakistan's Constitution of:
A. 1956 B. 1962
C. 1973 D. None of these
26. Who is the author of "Politics in Pakistan: The Nature and Direction of Change"?
A. Khaild B Sayeed B. Ilyas Ahmad
C. Hafeezur Rehman D. None of these
27. Islam was declared as the "State Religion" in Pakistan's Constitution of:
A. 1962 B. 1973
C. 1985 D. None of these

28. All types of explanations were to be eliminated according to Pakistan's Constitution of:
A. 1956 B. 1962
C. 1973 D. None of these
29. "Myth of Independence" was written by:
A. Shariful Mujahid B. Ayub Khan
C. Z. A. Bhutto D. Ch. M. Ali
30. Pakistan foreign policy is the safe-guarding of its sovereignty, security and:
A. International Relations
B. External Trade
C. Territorial integrity
D. None of these
31. The Supreme Court of Pakistan is comprised of
A. 9 judges B. 11 judges
C. 13 judges D. 17 Judges
32. In Pakistan, the Constitution has been abrogated:
A. Once B. Twice
C. Thrice D. None of these
33. The 'Constitution of 1956 of Pakistan' consisted of _____ articles.
A. 231 B. 232
C. 233 D. 234
34. The Constitution of 1962 of Pakistan consisted of _____ articles.
A. 249 B. 250
C. 251 D. 252
35. When Abu-ul-ala Maududi was awarded the death punishment by military court on "Qadiani issue"?
A. March 1953 B. April 1953
C. May 1953 D. None of these
36. Muhammad Ali Bogra, the then P.M of Pakistan, presented his constitutional formula to the Constituent Assembly on:
A. Sep7, 1953 B. Oct 7, 1953
C. Nov7, 1953 D. None of these
37. When was the 17th Amendment Bill ratified by the President, after getting passed by both houses of Majlis-e-Shura?
A. Dec29,2003 B. Dec30,2003
C. Dec31,2003 D. None of these

38. When was the local government system under the devolution of power plan, 2001, inaugurated?
 A. Aug 4, 2001 B. Aug 14, 2001
 C. Aug 24, 2001 D. None of these
39. When was gas (natural) discovered at Sui Baluchistan?
 A. 1950 B. 1952
 C. 1954 D. None of these
40. Who was convicted in Rawalpindi Conspiracy Case?
 A. Shorash Kashmiri
 B. Habib Jalib
 C. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
 D. None of these
41. In which constitution of Pakistan, the ministers were neither members of the parliament nor answerable to parliament?
 A. 1956 B. 1962
 C. 1973 D. None of these
42. From which country Pakistan purchased Gawader?
 A. Kuwait B. Iran
 C. Muscat D. None of these
43. Which provincial Chief Minister was dismissed on the issue of One Unit?
 A. Chief Minister KPK
 B. Chief Minister Sindh
 C. Chief Minister Punjab
 D. Chief Minister Baluchistan
44. Which Radio Station already existed at the time of creation of Pakistan?
 A. Peshawar B. Karachi
 C. Quetta D. None of these
45. Under Yahya Khan's LFO, what option National Assembly had if it couldn't frame the constitution within 120 days?
 A. Dissolved automatically
 B. President will dissolve it
 C. Extension in time frame
 D. None of these
46. What percentage of total polled votes in East Pakistan was secured by Awami League in 1970 elections?
 A. 54 % B. 60 %
 C. 75 % D. None of these
47. Name the person who assassinated Liaquat Ali Khan?
 A. Feroze B. Akbar Ali
 C. Sayed Akbar D. None of these
48. Name the second Prime Minister of Pakistan
 A. Ghulam Muhammad
 B. Khawaja Nazim-ud-Din
 C. Ch. Muhammad Ali
 D. Muhammad Ali Bogra
49. Name the head of the commission formed for drafting the 1962 Constitution
 A. Justice Shahab-ud-Din
 B. Ghulam Muhammad
 C. Feroz Khan Noon
 D. None of these
50. Under the 1962 Constitution, there were how many members in the National Assembly?
 A. 150 B. 155
 C. 156 D. None of these
51. The Pakistan Forest Institute, a national organization was established in:
 A. 1957 B. 1947
 C. 1967 D. None of these
52. Earthquake of October, 2005 was the result of:
 A. Volcanic activity
 B. Tectonic dislocation
 C. Severe flooding D. None of these

1. Under the 1962 Constitution the Parliament of Pakistan was
A. Bicameral B. Unicameral
C. Both of these D. None of these
2. Name the first and last vice President of Pakistan
A. Sir Zafrullah Khan
B. Iskandar Mirza
C. Noor-ul-Amin
D. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
3. Benazir Bhutto's Second Government was dissolved by _____ on 5 November 1996.
A. Ghulam Ishaq Khan
B. Muhammad Rafique Tarar
C. Farooq Ahmad Khan Leghari
D. None of these
4. Yahya Khan imposed the Martial Law on
A. 15 March 1969 B. 18 March 1969
C. 25 March 1969 D. 31 March 1969
5. Name the founder of Pakistan Peoples Party
A. Yahya Khan B. Altaf Hussain
C. Mumaz Bhutto
D. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
6. Which of the following parties won the elections held in 1997?
A. PML (N) B. PPP
C. IJI D. None of these
7. The process of nationalization began in
A. 1972 B. 1973
C. 1974 D. 1977
8. The Land Reforms were announced by the PPP Government on
A. 1 February 1972 B. 1 March 1972
C. 19 March 1972 D. None of these
9. The 3rd Martial Law was imposed on Pakistan on
A. 3 July 1977 B. 5 July 1977
C. 7 July 1977 D. 9 July 1977
10. Who imposed the third Martial Law in Pakistan?
A. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
B. Ayub Khan
C. Zia-ul-Haq D. None of these
11. When the third Martial Law was lifted?
A. 20 December 1985
B. 25 December 1985
C. 27 December, 1985
D. 30 December 1985
12. General Zia-ul-Haq conducted referendum on
A. 19 December 1984
B. 19 December 1984
C. 19 December 1984
D. 19 December 1984
13. Muhammad Khan Junejo became the Prime Minister of Pakistan on
A. 20 March 1985 B. 21 March 1985
C. 22 March 1985 D. 23 March 1985
14. When the 8th Amendment to the Constitution of 1973 was unanimously passed by the Senate?
A. 30 September 1985
B. 30 September 1986
C. 30 September 1987
D. 30 September 1988
15. The MQM was formed during the era of
A. Nawaz Sharif
B. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
C. Zia-ul-Haq D. None of these
16. The Ojhri Camp incident took place on
A. 10 April 1988 B. 10 April 1986
C. 10 April 1985 D. 10 April 1984
17. The plane carrying General Zia-ul-Haq was crashed on
A. 15 August 1988 B. 16 August 1988
C. 17 August 1988 D. 18 August 1988
18. The US ambassador _____ was killed along with General Zia ul Haq.
A. Danis Morison B. Arnold Rafele
C. Compton D. None of these
19. The Elections for National and Provincial Assemblies were held on which of the following dates in 1988?
A. 16 & 19 November
B. 15 & 20 November
C. 14 & 16 November
D. None of these

20. Name the party that was launched by Asghar Khan
A. Pakistan Peoples Party
B. Mili Awami Party
C. **Tehrik-e-Istiqlal**
D. Mutahida Qaumi Movement
21. When Pakistan Tehrik-e-Insaf was launched by Imran Khan?
A. **25 April 1996** B. 25 April 1997
C. 25 April 1992 D. 25 April 1990
22. When was the state of Swat included in Pakistan?
A. 4th April 1969 B. **28th July 1969**
C. 29th June 1970 D. None of these
23. Objectives Resolution was passed by the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan on:
A. March 12, 1947 B. March 12, 1948
C. **March 12, 1949** D. None of these
24. With regard to the division of power between Federation and Provinces the Constitution of Pakistan (1962) was provided with:
A. Single list of subjects
B. **Two lists of subjects**
C. Three lists of subjects
D. None of these
25. The height of Pakistan's highest mountain peak-Godwin Austin is as high as:
A. 26, 250 ft B. 27, 250 ft
C. **28, 251 ft** D. None of these
26. The Government of Pakistan established the Indus River System Authority in the year:
A. 1960 B. 1970
C. 1980 D. **1992**
27. Under the Indus Water Treaty of 1960 Pakistan has the right to use exclusively the water of:
A. Ravi, Sutleg and Chenab
B. Sutleg, Chenab and Jhelum
C. **Chenab, Jhelum and Indus**
D. None of these
28. At present Pakistan has vast natural resources and items of mineral which are as many as:
A. 14 items B. 15 items
C. 16 items D. **None of these**
29. What is the total area of Pakistan in Sq Km?
A. 695095 B. 795095
C. **796096** D. None of these
30. The Regional Cooperation for Development (RCD) was established by Pakistan, Iran and Turkey in 1964 and was annulled in:
A. 1969 B. **1979**
C. 1989 D. None of these
31. Ch. Rahmat Ali, the architect of the name of Pakistan, died on:
A. Feb 2, 1951 B. **Feb 3, 1951**
C. Feb 22, 1951 D. None of these
32. Pakistan became a declared nuclear state on
A. 25 May 1999 B. 26 May 1999
C. **28 May 1998** D. 28 May 1999
33. The Legal Frame Work Order, which amended the Constitution of Pakistan unilaterally was issued by:
A. **Yahya Khan** B. Ayub Khan
C. Zia-ul-Haq D. None of these
34. The country, which supported the Pakistan Movement before the emergence of Pakistan:
A. Iran B. Indonesia
C. Saudi Arabia D. **None of these**
35. Durand Line, which divides the borders of Pakistan and Afghanistan is as long as:
A. **2252 Km** B. 2262 Km
C. 2272 Km D. None of these
36. Which mountain range is located between China and Pakistan?
A. Siwaliks
B. Hindu Kush Range
C. **Great Himalayas**
D. None of these
37. Which were the aligned years in Pakistan's foreign policy?
A. 1963-1972 B. **1954-1962**
C. 1947-53 D. Non of these
38. In the Hindu Kush mountain range all passes connect Pakistan with
A. China B. **Afghanistan**
C. Tajikistan D. None of these

39. The Hasni tribe is settled in:
A. Southern NWFP
B. **Western Balochistan**
C. Central Sindh D. None of these
40. Rechna and Bari Doabs are considered:
A. Thickly populated region
B. **Very thickly populated region**
C. Most thickly populated region
D. None of these
41. In connection with land reforms the Punjab Tenancy Act was passed in:
A. 1877 B. **1887**
C. 1897 D. None of these
42. Kalabagh iron deposits are largest in Pakistan with estimated reserves of
A. **309 m tons** B. 509 m tons
C. 709 m tons D. None of these
43. Cotton textile the largest industry of Pakistan employs industrial labour force of a magnitude of
A. 80 % B. 65 %
C. 50% D. **36-40%**
44. Pakistan withdrew from CENTO in ____
A. 1975 B. 1977
C. 1979 D. 1981
45. The 13th Constitutional Amendment scrapped which of the following articles of the constitution?
A. **58(2b)** B. 284
C. 25(A) D. All of these
46. After the General Elections of 1993, which of the following parties came into power?
A. **PPP** B. PML (N)
C. IJI D. ANP

1. General Pervaiz Musharraf dissolved the Government of Nawaz Sharif on ____
A. 12 September 1999
B. **12 October 1999**
C. 12 November 1999
D. None of these
2. Who of the followings was the first female Speaker of the National Assembly of Pakistan?
A. **Fehmida Mirza**
B. Hina Rabbani Khar
C. Benazir Bhutto
D. Tehmina Doltana
3. The first General Elections under Pervaiz Musharraf were held on ____
A. **10 October 2002** B. 10 October 2004
C. 12 October 2005 D. None of these
4. General Pervaiz Musharraf took oath as President of Pakistan for his second term in office on ____
A. 20 November 2002
B. 16 January 2002
C. **16th November 2002**
D. 16th December 2002
5. When the Agra Summit was held in which Pervaiz Musharraf participated?
A. 12 December 2001
B. 12 September 2002
C. 12 August 2001 D. **14 July 2001**
6. The presidential referendum of Pervaiz Musharraf was held on ____
A. 28 April 2002 B. 25 April 2002
C. **30 April 2002** D. 20 April 2002
7. After the conduction of 9th General Elections who of the followings became the Prime Minister of the Pakistan.
A. Raja Pervaiz Ashraf
B. Nawaz Sharif
C. **Yousuf Raza Gillani**
D. None of these
8. Name the first Chief Minister of Gilgit Baltistan
A. **Syed Mehdi Shah**
B. Qamar Zaman Qaira
C. Hafiz Hafeez ur Rehman
D. Mehtab Khan Abbasi
9. When did Pervaiz Musharraf resign from the office of the President of Pakistan?
A. 14 August 2008 B. 16 August 2008
C. 18 August 2008
D. **None of the Above**
10. When Asif Ali Zardari took oath as President of Pakistan?
A. **10 September 2008**

29. Identify the first opposition party of Pakistan? It was founded by Abudul Hameed Bhashani in 1950.
A. Krishak Awami League
B. Muslim Awami League
C. Jinnah Awami League
D. None of these
30. National anthem written by Hafiz Jalundri in Charaghe Sahar in Sinf of:
A. **Makhmas** B. Rubai
C. Ghazal D. None of them
31. Who composed the music of National Anthem of Pakistan?
A. M. Ali Chagla
B. **Ahmed G. Chagla**
C. Munir Ali Chagla
D. Javaid Ali Chagla
32. Flag of Pakistan designed by:
A. Afzal Hussain
B. Liaquat Ali Khan
C. **Ameer-ud-Din Qudwai**
D. None of them
33. Who became the president of ML after Quaid-e-Azam?
A. **Ch. Kahliquzzaman**
B. Sardar Abd-ur-Rab Nishtar
C. Raja Ghazanfar Ali Kha
D. I.I. Chundrigar
34. Who laid down the foundation stone of the Quaid's Mosulem?
A. Sikandar Mirza
B. Ch. Muhammad Ali
C. Muhammad Ali Bogra
D. **Ayub Khan**
35. Which airline helped movement of 35000 people from Pakistan to India between Oct. 20 and Nov. 30, 1947?
A. **British Overseas Airways Corporation**
B. TATA Airlines
C. British Airlines D. None of them
36. Unanimously elected Quaid became the President of the Pakistan's first Constituent Assembly on:
A. Aug. 13, 1947 B. Aug. 15, 1947
C. **Aug. 11, 1947** D. Aug. 17, 1947
37. Pakistan admitted as Member of the Food and Agriculture Organization of UN.
A. **7th Sep, 1947** B. 27th Nov, 1947
C. 27th Oct, 1947
D. 27th August, 1947
38. U.S. embassy in Karachi was established on:
A. **August 15, 1947** B. August 18, 1947
C. August 17, 1947 D. August 25, 1947
39. The first US ambassador to Pakistan was appointed on September 20, 1947.
A. Paul H. Adams B. John H. Alling
C. **Paul H. Alling** D. Robin Rafeel
40. Who was the British Prime Minister at the time of the partition of India?
A. **Attlee** B. Churchill
C. Lord Mountbatten
D. None of these
41. The withdrawal of the British power from India was announced in June 1947 in which it was determined to withdraw from India by
A. Mar. 20, 1947 B. Jan. 20, 1947
C. Apr. 20, 1947 D. **Feb. 20, 1947**
42. Time of creation of Pakistan was _____ at the night between 14th and 15th August, 1947?
A. **12 a.m** B. 12 p.m
C. 01 p.m D. None of these
43. Who for the first time announced in English "This is Pakistan Broadcasting Service" at the time of creation of Pakistan?
A. Mr. Zahoor Nazar
B. Mr. Zahoor Hamdani
C. Mr. Shakur Azar
D. **Mr. Zahoor Azar**
44. Who for the first time announced in Urdu "This is Pakistan Broadcasting Service" at the time of creation of Pakistan?
A. **Ghulam Mustafa Hamdani**
B. Mr. Zahoor Hamdani
C. Mr. Zahoor Hamdani
D. None of these
45. Egypt announced its recognition of Pakistan on :
A. 14th August, 1947
B. 15th August, 1947
C. 17th August, 1947
D. **16th August, 1947**
46. Pakistan applied for membership of UNO on :
A. 14th August, 1947
B. 15th August, 1947
C. 17th August, 1947
D. **16th August, 1947**

47. What was the estimated number of people who migrated on partition of India in 1947?

- A. 5,500,000 B. 6,500,000
C. 8,500,000 D. 9,500,000

48. When did the Pakistan Assembly pass the resolution for changing the name of West Punjab to Punjab?

- A. 07-01-1947 B. 07-05-1948
C. 07-01-1949 D. 07-01-1948

49. When was it announced that Jinnah would be the Governor General of Pakistan?

- A. June 10, 1947 B. July 10, 1947
C. August 10, 1947 D. None of these

1. What does RSS stand for?

- A. Rashtriya Swayam Sewak Sangh
B. Rashtriya Swayam Sewak Sabha
C. Rashtriya Swayam Sewak Singh
D. None of these

2. Who was the Finance Minister in the first cabinet of the Dominion of Pakistan?

- A. Ghulam Muhammad
B. Liaquat Ali Khan
C. Kh. Nazir Ahmed
D. None of these

3. When did Liaquat Ali Khan move in the Constituent Assembly that the title of "Quaid-e-Azam" be used for Jinnah in official correspondence?

- A. Aug. 10, 1947 B. Aug. 11, 1947
C. Aug. 12, 1947 D. Aug. 13, 1947

4. When was Jinnah's name read in Khutaba at the Pakistan colony mosque by the Sindh Education Minister Pir Illahi Bukhsh?

- A. Aug. 20, 1947 B. Aug. 11, 1947
C. Aug. 22, 1947 D. Aug. 13, 1947

5. When was it announced that Jinnah would act as Legal Guide to the Assembly in drafting the Constitution?

- A. Aug. 20, 1947 B. Aug. 21, 1947
C. Aug. 22, 1947 D. Aug. 23, 1947

6. When was the announcement made from Delhi for setting up a Constituent Assembly for Pakistan?

- A. Aug. 03, 1947 B. Aug. 02, 1947
C. Aug. 04, 1947 D. July. 26, 1947

7. When did Jinnah reach Karachi to take part in the first meeting of the Constituent Assembly?

- A. Aug. 7, 1947 B. Aug. 11, 1947
C. Aug. 12, 1947 D. Aug. 13, 1947

8. Azad Kashmir Govt was set up on:

- A. 24 Sep, 1947 B. 24 Aug, 1947
C. 24 Oct, 1947 D. None of these

9. When did Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah take oath as the first Governor General of Pakistan?

- A. Aug. 14, 1947 B. Aug. 13, 1947
C. Aug. 15, 1947 D. Aug. 16, 1947

10. Liaquat Ali Khan visited India in:

- A. April 1950 B. April 1949
C. April 1948 D. April 1951

11. Referendum in NWFP now Khyber Pakhtoon Khawah was held on

- A. 6-17 September, 1947
B. 6-17 August, 1947
C. 6-17 October, 1947 D. 6-17 July, 1947

12. What was the venue of the oath taking ceremony of Quaid-e-Azam and Liaquat Ali Khan?

- A. Lahore B. Dhaka
C. Delhi D. Karachi

13. Who took the oath as the First Governor of West Punjab?

- A. Sir Frederick Bourne
B. George Cunningham
C. Sir Francis Mudie
D. Geoffrey Prior

14. Who took the oath as the First Governor of East Bengal?

- A. Sir Frederick Bourne
B. George Cunningham
C. Sir Francis Maudi

- D. Geoffrey Prior
15. Who took the oath as the First Governor of N.W.F.P. now KPK?
 - A. Sir Frederick Bourne
 - B. George Cunningham**
 - C. Sir Francis Maudi
 - D. Geoffrey Prior
 16. Who took the oath as the First Governor of Sindh?
 - A. Sir Frederick Bourne
 - B. George Cunningham
 - C. Sheikh Ghulam Hussain**
 - D. Geoffrey Prior
 17. Who took the oath as Chief Commissioner Baluchistan?
 - A. Sir Frederick Bourne
 - B. George Cunningham
 - C. Sir Francis Maudi
 - D. Geoffrey Prior**
 18. Who took the oath as the Chief Minister of Sindh?
 - A. Khan Abdul Qayyum Khan
 - B. Sheikh Ghulam Hussain
 - C. Iftikhar Hussain Mamdo
 - D. M. Ayyub Khuro**
 19. Who took the oath as Chief Minister of Punjab?
 - A. Khan Abdul Qayyum Khan
 - B. Sheikh Ghulam Hussain
 - C. Iftikhar Hussain Mamdot**
 - D. M. Ayyub Khuro
 20. Who was appointed as Chief Secretary, Punjab on 18th August, 1947?
 - A. Hafiz Abdul Majeed**
 - B. Hafiz Abdul Hameed
 - C. Hafiz Abdul Waheed
 - D. None of these
 21. Friday was declared as half working day on:
 - A. Aug. 20, 1997
 - B. Aug. 21, 1997
 - C. Mar 3, 1997**
 - D. Aug. 23, 1997
 22. Iran and Pakistan established diplomatic relations on:
 - A. Aug. 20, 1947
 - B. Aug. 21, 1947
 - C. Aug. 22, 1947**
 - D. Aug. 23, 1947
 23. When was the Governor George Cunningham directed by the Government of Pakistan to dismiss the NWFP Now Khyber Pakhtoon Khawah Congress Ministry headed by Khan Sahib?
 - A. Aug. 20, 1947
 - B. Aug. 21, 1947
 - C. Aug. 22, 1947**
 - D. Aug. 23, 1947
 24. Who was invited to form the NWFP Now Khyber Pakhtoon Khawah Government after dismissal of the Congress Ministry headed by Khan Sahib?
 - A. NWFP Muslim League head, Khan Abdul Qayum Khan**
 - B. NWFP Muslim League head, Khan Abdul Qadir Khan
 - C. NWFP Muslim League head, Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar
 - D. None of these
 25. First Pakistani documentary film was shown in the cinemas in Karachi on 30-08-1947. What was it about?
 - A. Events of Pakistan from 2nd June to 15th August, 1947
 - B. Events of Pakistan from 2nd to 15th August, 1947**
 - C. None of these
 26. On 7th August, 1948 the first Pakistani film was released. What was its title?
 - A. "Meri Yadd"
 - B. "Teri Qasam"
 - C. "Teri Batain"
 - D. "Teri Yadd"**
 27. Which actors played the leading role in the first Pakistani film?
 - A. Asha Posley and Aslam Khan
 - B. Asha Posley and Yousaf Khan
 - C. Asha Posley and Nasir Khan**
 - D. None of these
 28. Who was appointed as the head of the first Pakistani delegation to the UN?
 - A. Mrs. Tasaddaq Jeelani on 13th September, 1947
 - B. Mrs. Tasaddaq Hussain on 13th September, 1947**
 - C. Mrs. Tasaddaq Sundhal on 13th September, 1947
 - D. None of these
 29. Which country sent 4750 tons rice for making up shortage of food in East Bengal on Sept. 19, 1947?
 - A. Burma (Myanmar)**
 - B. Indonesia
 - C. Iran
 - D. India

30. When was Karachi linked by air with all the provincial capitals?
A. 10th October, 1947 B. 16th October, 1947
C. 9th October, 1947
D. 6th October, 1947
31. From which date Pakistani Postage Stamps were made available in Post Offices?
A. 10th October, 1947
B. 16th October, 1947
C. 9th October, 1947
D. 6th October, 1947
32. Who was appointed as the First Muslim Advocate General of the Punjab?
A. Sheikh Sabbir B. Sheikh Nasir
C. Sheikh Shabbir
D. Sheikh Rashid Shabbir
33. When was Pakistan admitted as a member of the United Nations?
A. 28th September, 1947
B. 26th September, 1947
C. 30th September, 1947
D. 24th September, 1947
34. Who was the Minister for Food and Agriculture in the first Cabinet of Pakistan?
A. Raja Ghazanfar Ali Khan
B. Raja Gull Ali Khan
C. Khawja Nazir Ahmed
D. None of these
35. Who was appointed as the first Pakistan's ambassador to Iran?
A. Qazi Issa
B. Mir Yar Muhammad Khan
C. Malik Ghulam Muhammad Khan
D. None of these
36. Who was appointed as Pakistan's first ambassador to USA?
A. Qazi Issa
B. Mir Yar Muhammad Khan
C. Malik Ghulam Muhammad Khan
D. A. H. Isphahani
37. Who was the Secretary of the Indian Ministry of States at the time of partition?
A. Sardar Patel
B. Parnab Mukhar Jee
38. C. V.P.Menon D. None of these
Elections for the First Constituent Assembly of Pakistan were held in:
A. 1947 B. 1944
C. 1946 D. None of these
39. Pakistan became member of World Bank in:
A. 1947 B. 1949
C. 1948 D. 1950
30. Pakistan's first cabinet was sworn in on:
A. Aug. 15, 1947 B. Aug. 11, 1947
C. Aug. 12, 1947 D. Aug. 13, 1947
41. Who held the portfolio of Minister of Communications in the first cabinet of Pakistan?
A. Khawja Nazir Ahmed
B. Malik Ghulam Muhammad Khan
C. Ch Khaleeq-uz-Zaman
D. Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar
42. First cabinet of Pakistan consisted of _____ including Prime Minister.
A. 7 members B. 8 members
C. 9 members D. 10 members
43. The Objectives Resolution was presented in the Constituent Assembly on 7th March 1949 by:
A. Liaquat Ali Khan
B. Ch Khaleeq-uz-Zaman
C. Malik Ghulam Muhammad
D. None of these
44. Constituent Assembly declared Urdu and Bengali as official languages on:
A. 3rd Jan, 1953 B. 3rd Jan, 1954
C. 3rd Jan, 1955 D. 3rd Jan, 1952
45. On 24th October, 1954, Constituent Assembly was dissolved by the Governor General of Pakistan:
A. Mr. Ghulam Mohammad
B. Sikandar Mirza
C. Khawja Nazim-uz-din
D. None of these
46. Pakistan became member of NAM in:
A. 1977 B. 1978
C. 1979 D. 1980

1. Basic democracy system in Pakistan was introduced in:
A. Oct 1959 B. Feb 1959
C. Apr 1959 D. July 1959
2. First martyr of Pakistan movement Khuwaja Mohd Sharif was of:
A. Lahore B. Ambala
C. Ludhiana D. Amritser
3. Canal Water Pact with India was signed on:
A. 4th May, 1947 B. 4th May, 1949
C. 4th May, 1948 D. 4th May, 1950
4. In _____ Pakistan got Siachen under the Karachi Agreement.
A. 1950 July B. 1948 July
C. 1951 July D. 1949 July
5. When did Jinnah visit East Pakistan as Governor General?
A. February, 1948 B. March, 1948
C. July, 1948 D. August, 1948
6. When did the Constituent Assembly of Pakistan adopt a resolution presented by the Government for formally proclaiming Karachi as Capital of the Dominion of Pakistan?
A. Mar, 1947 B. Apr, 1949
C. May, 1948 D. June, 1950
7. Muhammad Ayub Khuhro govt was dismissed in:
A. April, 1948 B. April, 1949
C. April, 1950 D. April, 1951
8. Who was appointed as the first Chief of the Pakistan Refugee Commissioner?
A. E. De V. Moss
B. General Azam Khan
C. Sardar Shoukat Hayat Khan
D. Mian Mumtaz Doltana
9. Who was the first Chief Minister of East Bengal?
A. General Azam Khan
B. Sardar Shoukat Hayat Khan
C. Sikandar Mirza
D. Khawajah Nazimuddin
10. Quaid-e-Azam died on Sept. 11, 1948 due to:
A. Cardiac Arrest B. Tuber Culosis
C. Cancer D. None of these
11. Quaid-e-Azam passed away at 10:20 p.m in G.G House Karachi and buried on:
A. 11th Sep: 1948 B. 13th Sep: 1948
C. 12th Sep: 1948 D. 14th Sep: 1948
12. _____ of mourning was announced on Quaid's death.
A. 30 days B. 40 days
C. 50 days D. 60 days
13. Who was the successor of Quaid-e-Azam as Governor General?
A. General Azam Khan
B. Sardar Shoukat Hayat Khan
C. Sikandar Mirza
D. Khawajah Nazimuddin
14. _____ Committee was set up by the Constituent Assembly to frame a draft Constitution.
A. Legal B. Joint parties
C. Basic Principles D. None of these
15. Basic Principles Committee presented its report in
A. September, 1950 B. October, 1950
C. November 1950 D. December, 1950
16. Planning Board turned into Planning Commission in the year of:
A. 1947 B. 1952
C. 1948 D. 1950
17. Landlordism was abolished in East Bengal in the year of
A. 1947 B. 1951
C. 1948 D. 1950
18. Liaquat Ali Khan visited USA in the year of
A. 1947 B. 1951
C. 1948 D. 1950
19. Liaquat Ali Khan spent _____ in USA
A. Two weeks B. Four weeks
C. Three weeks D. Five weeks

20. The title of the published collection of Liaquat's speeches meant to introduce Pakistan to the West
 A. **Pakistan, Heart of Asia**
 B. Heart of Asia
 C. Pakistan
 D. None of these
21. Liaquat Ali Khan was assassinated in Rawalpindi on 16th October, 1951. He was buried in:
 A. Lahore
 B. Karnal
 C. **Karachi**
 D. Rawalpindi
22. Liaquat Ali Khan was born in Kernal (East Punjab) on:
 A. 1st Oct: 1894
 B. **1st Oct: 1895**
 C. 1st Oct 1896
 D. 1st Oct: 1897
23. Who replaced Liaquat Ali Khan as Prime Minister?
 A. General Azam Khan
 B. Sardar Shoukat Hayat Khan
 C. Skindar Mirza
 D. **Khawajah Nazimuddin**
24. Who replaced Nazimuddin as Governor General?
 A. **Ghulam Muhammad**
 B. Sardar Shoukat Hayat Khan
 C. Skindar Mirza
 D. Khawajah Nazimuddin
25. Rawalpindi became the temporary capital of Pakistan in:
 A. 1958
 B. 1959
 C. **1960.**
 D. 1961
26. Pakistan issued its first coin on:
 A. 3rd Jan, 1949
 B. 3rd Jan, 1947
 C. 3rd Jan, 1950
 D. **3rd Jan, 1948**
27. Sindh Assembly proclaimed Sindhi as an official language of Sindh in:
 A. 1958
 B. 1959
 C. **1972.**
 D. 1971
28. Baluchistan got the status of province on 1st July:
 A. 1968
 B. 1969
 C. **1970**
 D. 1971
29. Pakistan bought Gawader (1958) and Jiwani from:
 A. Qatar
 B. **Oman.**
 C. Iran
 D. UAE
30. Pakistan came into being on 27 Ramazan, Thursday.
 A. 1364 A.H
 B. 1365 A.H
 C. **1366 A.H**
 D. 1367 A.H
31. Pakistan Standard Time was adopted on:
 A. Oct.1, 1947
 B. Oct.1, 1950
 C. Oct.1, 1948
 D. **Sep.15, 1951**
32. National Bank of Pakistan was formed in:
 A. **1949**
 B. 1947
 C. 1950
 D. 1948
33. Quaid-e-Azam's father name was
 A. Jinnah Raja
 B. **Jinnah Poonja**
 C. Dinnah Poonja
 D. None of these
34. Allama Iqbal's father name was:
 A. Shaikh Noor Ahmed
 B. Shaikh Noor Hussain
 C. **Shaikh Noor Mohd**
 D. Shaikh Noor Jamal
35. _____ was observed "Black Day" as Indian forces landed in Azad Kashmir.
 A. 27 Sep: 1947
 B. 27 Nov: 1947
 C. **27 Oct: 1947**
 D. 27 Dec: 1947
36. Who was the founder of National Conference of Kashmir?
 A. Ch. Aslam Hayat
 B. Sardar Qayyum Khan
 C. Sardar Ibrahim
 D. **Sheikh Abdullah**
37. Indian Forces occupied the state of Jammu and Kashmir on:
 A. 27 Sep: 1947
 B. 27 Nov: 1947
 C. **26 Oct: 1947**
 D. 27 Dec: 1947
38. Who was the maharaja of Kashmir in 1947?
 A. **Hari Singh**
 B. Lal Singh
 C. Hari Chand
 D. Gulab Singh
39. The percentage of Muslim population in Kashmir in 1947 was:
 A. 88%.
 B. 58%.
 C. 68%.
 D. **77%.**
40. UN commission members for India and Pakistan were 3 (later 5) who visited in _____ 1948.
 A. May
 B. June
 C. **July**
 D. August

41. Who was UN Representative for demilitarization of Kashmir?
A. Sir Owen Charles B. Sir Adams Dixon
C. **Sir Owen Dixon**
D. Sir Alfred Dixon
42. National anthem of Pakistan was played for the first time on:
A. August 13, 1951
B. August 13, 1952
C. August 13, 1953
D. **August 13, 1954**
43. Birth place of the Quaid-e-Azam was:
A. **Wazir Mension, Karachi**
B. Wazir Mension, Ahmed Abad
C. Wazir Mension, Kthia Warr
D. None of these
44. Allama Iqbal's tomb was built in:
A. 1948
B. 1949
C. 1950
D. **1951**
45. Liaquat Nehru Pact was signed in:
A. April, 1948
B. April, 1949
C. **April, 1950**
D. April, 1951
46. Karachi Radio Station was inaugurated by Liaquat Ali Khan on:
A. 14th August, 1947
B. **14th August, 1948**
C. 14th August, 1949
D. 14th August, 1950

1. Siachen is located in:
A. Azad Kashmir
B. KPK
C. **Baltistan**
D. None of these
2. Ulema's 22 points were presented on 24th Jan. 1951 by:
A. 11 Ulema
B. 21 Ulema
C. **31 Ulema**
D. 41 Ulema
3. BBC started its first Urdu service on:
A. **3rd April, 1949**
B. 13th April, 1947
C. 13th April, 1948
D. 13th April, 1945
4. In 1949 who founded the Jinnah Muslim League?
A. **Iftikhar Hussain Mamdot**
B. Iftikhar Hussain Doltana
C. Iftikhar Hussain Mian
D. None of these
5. PIA started its international service in _____ to Jordan via Cairo.
A. 1952
B. 1953
C. 1954
D. **1955**
6. Pakistan got status of Test cricket in:
A. **1952**
B. 1953
C. 1954
D. 1955
7. Under the 1973 Constitution who is the head of the cabinet?
A. **Prime Minister**
B. President
C. Governor
D. None of these
8. First five Year Plan was launched in:
A. 1952
B. 1953
C. 1954
D. **1955**
9. Pakistan signed CENTO (Baghdad Pact) on 23rd Sep _____.
A. 1952
B. 1953
C. 1954
D. **1955**
10. West Pakistan was announced "one unit" in _____ by Mohammad Ali Bogra.
A. 1952
B. 1953
C. **1954**
D. 1955
11. President Iskandar Mirza visited Afghanistan in:
A. 1953
B. 1954
C. 1955
D. **1956**
12. One Unit Bill passed during the period of _____ on 14th Oct: 1955 and cancelled on 25th March 1969 by Yahya Khan.
A. **Chaudhry Mohammad Ali**
B. Mohammad Ali Bogra
C. Skindar Mirza
D. None of these
13. Pakistan became the Islamic Republic on:
A. **23rd March, 1956**
B. 23rd May, 1956
C. 23rd June, 1956
D. 23rd April, 1956
14. 1956 constitution was presented in the assembly in:
A. Feb 29, 1955
B. Feb 29, 1954
C. **Feb 29, 1956**
D. None of these

15. Martial Law was imposed in Lahore in:
A. 1953 B. 1954
C. 1955 D. 1958
16. Ch. Rehmat Ali is buried in:
A. Ambala B. Delhi
C. Ludhiana D. Cambridge (London)
17. Pakistan joined SEATO in:
A. Sep: 1953. B. Sep: 1954.
C. Sep: 1955 D. None of these
18. Ayub Khan became first elected President on:
A. 17 Feb, 1960 B. 17 Feb, 1961
C. 17 Feb, 1962 D. 17 Feb, 1963
19. Ayub Khan transferred the capital from Karachi to Islamabad on:
A. 1st August 1958 B. 1st August 1959
C. 1st August 1960 D. 1st August 1961
20. Indus Basin Treaty was signed under World Bank in:
A. July.1960. B. Aug.1960
C. Oct.1960 D. Sep.1960
21. Pakistan made the boundary agreement with Iran on:
A. 21st May 1960 B. 21st May 1961
C. 21st May 1962 D. 21st May 1963
22. U2 incident happened in:
A. 1960 B. 1961
C. 1962 D. 1963
23. Who appointed Ameer Muhammad Khan as Governor of West Pakistan?
A. Ch.MuhammadAli
B. Iskandar Mirza
C. Feeroz Khan Noon
D. Ayub Khan
24. Ayub visited US and Queen Elizabeth visited Pakistan in:
A. 1960 B. 1961
C. 1962 D. 1963
25. Ayub Khan visited USSR on:
A. 3rd April, 1965 B. 3rd April, 1964
C. 3rd April, 1963 D. 3rd April, 1962
26. Zafarullah Khan served as the president of the UN General Assembly's 17th session in:
A. 1960 B. 1961
C. 1962 D. 1963
27. Boundary Agreement with China was signed in:
A. 1960 B. 1961
C. 1962 D. 1963
28. Agreement with Canada on first nuclear power station in Karachi was signed in:
A. 1962 B. 1963
C. 1964 D. 1959
29. Z.A Bhutto served as F.M in _____ Govt.
A. Ch.Muhammad Ali
B. Iskandar Mirza
C. Feeroz Khan Noon
D. Ayub Khan
30. Convention League was formed by:
A. Ch.MuhammadAli
B. Iskandar Mirza
C. Feeroz Khan Noon
D. Ayub Khan
31. 1965 war was started from:
A. 7th Sept, 1965 B. 5th Sept, 1965
C. 8th Sept, 1965 D. 6th Sept, 1965
32. Defense Day has been celebrated in Pakistan since:
A. 1962 B. 1963
C. 1965 D. 1966
33. Major Aziz Bhatti was martyred in _____ war.
A. 1962 B. 1963
C. 1964 D. 1965
34. Tashkent Pact was signed by Ayub Khan and Shastri on 3rd Jan:
A. 1962 B. 1963
C. 1965 D. 1966
35. Fatima Jinnah was died in:
A. 1964 B. 1965
C. 1966 D. 1967
36. _____ valley is situated in Big Himalaya and Little Himalya.
A. Kashmir B. Swat
C. Chitral D. None of these

1. The first general elections under the 1973 Constitution were held in:
A. 1976 B. 1977
C. 1978 D. 1979
2. Bio gas was first introduced in:
A. 1972 B. 1973
C. 1974 D. 1975
3. Ahmadis were declared non-Muslims in:
A. 1972 B. 1973
C. 1974 D. 1975
4. First electric train was started in:
A. 1970 B. 1971
C. 1972 D. 1973
5. Steel Mill was founded in _____ (with the aid of USSR) in Bin Qasim.
A. 1970 B. 1971
C. 1972 D. 1973
6. Pakistan recognized Bangladesh in:
A. 1972 B. 1973
C. 1974 D. 1975
7. Hudood Ordinance enforced on:
A. 10 Feb, 1976 B. 10 Feb, 1978
C. 10 Feb, 1977 D. 10 Feb, 1979
8. Faiz Ahmed Faiz had won which of the following prizes?
A. Lenin Prize B. Nobel Prize
C. Faiza Prize D. None of these
9. In December 1981, Ziaul Haq announced Majlis-e-Shoora with:
A. 300 members B. 250 members
C. 350 members D. 400 members
10. Zakat and Ushr Ordinance promulgated in:
A. 1979 B. 1980
C. 1981 D. 1982
11. Eighth amendment of the Constitution of 1973 was introduced in:
A. 1979 B. 1980
C. 1981 D. 1985
12. Among the followings which pact with India was signed by Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan?
A. Peace and Security Pact
B. Liaquat Gandhi Pact
C. Friendship Pact
D. Liaquat Nehru Pact
13. India made a cowardly attack on Lahore which resulted in a war between the two countries. When this war broke out?
A. 9th Sep 1965 B. 7th Sep 1965
C. 6th Sep 1965 D. 4th Sep 1965
14. After the war of 1965 which pact was signed between India and Pakistan?
A. Bilateral Pact B. Tashkent Pact
C. Moscow Pact D. Soviet Pact
15. Nuclear Cooperation Pact with China was made on:
A. 15th Sep, 1986 B. 15th Sep, 1987
C. 15th Sep, 1988 D. None of these
16. Ojri Camp tragedy occurred on:
A. 10 April 1987 B. 10 April 1989
C. 10 April 1988 D. 10 April 1986
17. The Junejo government was dismissed on:
A. 29th May, 1986 B. 29th May, 1987
C. 29th May, 1985 D. 29th May, 1988
18. Ghulam Ishaque Khan became President of Pakistan in:
A. 1986 B. 1987
C. 1985 D. 1988
19. Pakistan's re-entry in Common Wealth was made in:
A. 1986 B. 1987
C. 1988 D. 1989
20. First test tube baby of Pakistan was born at Lahore in:
A. 1986 B. 1987
C. 1988 D. 1989
21. Kargil Crisis was occurred in:
A. 1996 B. 1997
C. 1998 D. 1999
22. Musharraf was elected as the President on:

- A. 20 June, 2001 B. 20 July, 2001
C. 20 August, 2001 D. None of these
23. HBFC was set up in:
A. Nov, 1952 B. Nov, 1953
C. Nov, 1954 D. Nov, 1955
24. First satellite of Pakistan Badr-I was launched on:
A. 16 July, 1990 B. 16 July, 1991
C. 16 July, 1992 D. 16 July, 1993
25. On 28 May, 1998 when five nuclear blasts were made at Ras Koh, the day is known as:
A. Yaum-e-Takbir
B. Yaum-e-Pakistan
C. Yaum-e-Behadri D. None of these
26. On 17 May, 1998 India tested its nuclear capability in _____ Rajistan.
A. Pokhran B. Jaipur
C. Ajmair D. None of these
27. Pakistan entered the nuclear club on:
A. 25 May, 1998 B. 26 May, 1998
C. 27 May, 1998 D. 28 May, 1998
28. Friday was declared the weekly holiday in Jan _____.
A. 1974 B. 1975
C. 1976 D. 1977
29. EBDO was promulgated in:
A. 1957 B. 1958
C. 1959 D. 1960
30. Wheat crisis was occurred in:
A. 1952 B. 1953
C. 1954 D. 1955
31. Which missile of Pakistan has Surface to Surface range?
A. Barq B. Ghauri
C. Hateef D. Anza
32. Pakistan withdrew from SEATO in:
A. 1971 B. 1972
C. 1973 D. 1974
33. Pakistan left CENTO in March _____.
A. 1979 B. 1980
C. 1981 D. 1982
34. Who was first the Pakistani to conquer the Mount Everest?
A. Nazir Sabir B. Nazir Shabbir
C. Nasir Sabir D. None of these
35. KANNUP was established in:
A. 1970 B. 1971
C. 1972 D. 1973
36. Saudi King Shah Faisal visited Pakistan in the year of 1966 and _____.
A. 1970 B. 1971
C. 1972 D. 1974
37. Pakistan was suspended from the Commonwealth on 18 Oct _____.
A. 1999 B. 1998
C. 1997 D. 1996
38. First Agriculture University of Pakistan was established in:
A. Faisalabad B. Lahore
C. Karachi D. Peshawar
39. Identify the former PM of India who was the only Indian leader awarded the highest civilian award of Pakistan
A. Indra Gandhi B. Rajive Gandhi
C. Morarji Desai D. None of these
40. Collectively how many Governor Generals ruled over Pakistan?
A. 02 B. 03
C. 04 D. 05
41. Who was last Governor General of Pakistan?
A. Quaid-e-Azam
B. Khwaja Nazimuddin
C. Ghulam Mohammad
D. Iskander Mirza
42. Which country was paid an official visit by the first Prime Minister of Pakistan in 1950?
A. Saudi Arab B. Iran
C. America D. China
43. Which country had recognized Pakistan first?
A. Iraq B. Indonesia
C. Iran D. India
44. Which headworks of canals irrigating Pakistani areas were unlawfully given to India?
A. Madhopur B. Ferozpur
C. Both of them D. None of them
45. When India cut off Pakistan's water supply without notice?
A. March 1948 B. April 1948

- C. June 1948 D. July 1948.
46. Under whose auspices water treaty was signed?
 A. UNO B. USA
 C. World Bank D. Commonwealth
47. What do we call the water treaty that was signed between India and Pakistan?
 A. Indo-Pak Water Treaty
 B. Indus Basin Treaty
 C. Treaty of Water
 D. Rivers and Canals Treaty

1. Who called upon the Indian and Pakistani leaders to sign the pact?
 A. Khroshev B. Gorbachev
 C. Alexie Lavrov D. Alexei Kosygin
2. From India who participated in the Tashkant Declaration?
 A. Ms. Indra Gandhi
 B. Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri
 C. Mr. Murarji Desai
 D. Mr. Sanjay Gandhi
3. Who represented Pakistan in Tashkant Meeting?
 A. Gen. Ayub Khan
 B. Gen. Yahya Khan
 C. Mr. Z. A. Bhutto
 D. Gen. Iskander Mirza
4. Who participated in the Tashkant Pact as the Foreign Minister of Pakistan?
 A. Mr. Hussain Shaheed
 B. Mr. I.I. Chundrigar
 C. Mr. Malik Feroz Khan
 D. Mr. Z.A. Bhutto
5. Which political party was established by Mr. Bhutto?
 A. Pakistan Peoples Party
 B. Sindh Peoples Party
 C. West Pakistan Party
 D. United Peoples Party
6. When Pakistan People's Party was established?
 A. October 1967 B. August 1967
 C. November 1967 D. December 1967
7. What was the slogan of PPP?
 A. Sabse Pehle Pakistan
 B. Roti, Kapra aur Makan
 C. Qarz Utaro Mulk Sanwaro
 D. Democracy is the best revenge
8. When Gen. Ayub Khan resigned from his President ship?
 A. 20th March 1969
 B. 23rd March 1969
 C. 24th March 1969
 D. 29th March 1969
9. Who became the President of Pakistan after Ayub Khan?
 A. Mr. Z.A. Bhutto
 B. Mr. Fazl Elahi Choudhary
 C. Gen. Yahya Khan
 D. Justice Rafique Tarar
10. In which year Gen. Yahya held General Elections in the country?
 A. 1970 B. 1971
 C. 1972 D. 1973
11. In the 1970 Elections who secured the victory in East Pakistan?
 A. PPP B. Muslim League
 C. Awami League D. Jamat-e-Islami
12. In West Pakistan who had the driving seat after the 1970 Elections?
 A. Muslim League B. PPP
 C. Awami League
 D. Tehreek-e-Istaklal
13. Which incident took place in 1971 which provided India a chance to attack Pakistan?
 A. Attack on Indian parliament
 B. Indian drama of hijacking its own plane
 C. Skirmishes on Border
 D. All of them
14. What was the name of Indian plane that was hijacked?
 A. Ganga B. Jamna
 C. Bangla D. Lanka

15. When India launched the war against Pakistan?
A. 15th November 1971
B. 17th November 1971
C. 19th November 1971
D. **23rd November 1971**
16. Which movement of East Pakistan also supported India in the war of 1971?
A. Bangla Movement
B. Bangali Movement
C. **Mukti Bahini**
D. Azadi Movement
17. When East Pakistan was separated from the West Pakistan?
A. 26th December 1971
B. 22nd December 1971
C. 19th December 1971
D. **16th December 1971**
18. When Gen. Yahya Khan resigned from his Presidentship?
A. 18th December 1971
B. **19th December 1971**
C. 22nd December 1971
D. 24th December 1971
19. Who became the President of Pakistan after Yahya Khan?
A. **Mr. Z.A. Bhutto**
B. Mr. Ghulam Ishaque Khan
C. Mr. Wasim Sajjad
D. Mr. Farooque Ahmed Khan Leghari
20. When Mr. Z.A. Bhutto became the Prime Minister of Pakistan?
A. 23rd March 1973
B. **14th August 1973**
C. 6th September 1973
D. 25th December 1973
21. Which of the followings was the first step taken by Mr. Bhutto for Economic Development?
A. Economic Pacts
B. Aid Agreements with World
C. **Nationalization of Industries**
D. Linking of Rupee with Dollar
22. After the war of 1971 which agreement was signed between India and Pakistan?
A. Culcutta Pact B. Lucknow Pact
C. **Simla Pact** D. Bombay Pact
23. Mr. Bhutto represented Pakistan in Simla Agreement, who participated from India?
A. Mr. Rajiv Gandhi
B. **Mrs. Indra Gandhi**
C. Mr. Narsimha Rao
D. Mr. Lal Krishan Advani
24. Due to successful Foreign Policy of Mr. Bhutto, which important event took place in Pakistan?
A. **2nd Islamic Summit Conference**
B. 2nd SAARC Conference
C. 2nd ASEAN Meeting
D. 2nd Golf World Cup
25. When 2nd Islamic Summit Conference was held?
A. December 1974 B. August 1974
C. April 1974 D. **February 1974**
26. In which city of Pakistan 2nd Islamic Summit Conference was held?
A. Karachi B. Islamabad
C. **Lahore** D. Peshawar
27. How many Heads of Islamic countries participated in 2nd Islamic Summit Conference?
A. **40** B. 45
C. 50 D. 55
28. What major issue was resolved by Pakistan in 2nd Islamic Summit Conference?
A. Accepted Israel
B. **Accepted Bangladesh**
C. Accepted Kashmir as Indian area
D. Accepted USA as Super Power
29. When Mr. Bhutto was arrested after Elections of 1977?
A. **July 1977** B. August 1977
C. September 1977 D. October 1977
30. Who imposed the third Martial Law on Pakistan in 1977?
A. Gen. Ayub Khan
B. Gen. Yahya Khan
C. **Gen. Zia-ul-Haque**
D. Gen Pervez Musharraf
31. When Mr. Bhutto was executed with the death punishment?
A. 1st April 1979 B. **4th April 1979**
C. 10th April 1979 D. 14th April 1979

32. When did Gen. Zia hold the referendum in the country?
A. January 1984 B. June 1984
C. September 1984 D. **December 1984**
33. To whom Zia appointed as the Prime Minister of Pakistan?
A. Mr. Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi
B. **Mr. Mohammad Khan Junejo**
C. Mr. Moin Qureshi
D. Mr. Balakh Sher Mazari
34. In which year Mr. Mohammad Khan Junejo was appointed as Prime Minister?
A. 1983 B. 1984
C. **1985** D. 1986
35. Among the followings which law was introduced by Ayub Khan?
A. **Family Laws** B. Prisoners Laws
C. War Laws
D. Hudood Ordinance
36. Among following what was introduced by Gen. Zia?
A. PLS Account
B. **Hudood Ordinance**
C. Both of them D. None of them
37. When a C-130 plane carrying Gen. Zia crashed near Bahawalpur?
A. 15th August 1988
B. 16th August 1988
C. **17th August 1988**
D. 18th August 1988
38. Who became the President of Pakistan after Gen. Zia-ul-Haq?
A. **Mr. Ghulam Ishaque Khan**
B. Mr. Waseem Sajjad
C. Mr. Farooque Khan Leghari
D. Mr. Mian Mohammad Soomro
39. When the Elections to the National and Provincial Assemblies were held in 1988?
A. August 1988 B. September 1988
C. October 1988 D. **November 1988**
40. Who became the Prime Minister after the Elections of 1988?
A. Mr. Nawaz Sharif
B. **Mrs. Benazir Bhutto**
C. Mr. Moin Qureshi
D. Mr. Mairaj Khalid
41. When Benazir Government was dismissed by G.I. Khan on various charges?
A. **6th August 1990** B. 7th July 1990
C. 8th September 1990 D. 10th December 1990
42. Who became the Prime Minister of Pakistan after the Elections of 1990?
A. Mr. Mian Mohammad Soomro
B. Mr. Balakh Sher Mazari
C. **Mr. Nawaz Sharif**
D. None of these
43. When Pakistan Bait-ul-Mal was established?
A. 1990 B. 1991
C. 1993 D. **1992**
44. When Mrs. Benazir Bhutto became the Prime Minister for the second term?
A. January 1993 B. March 1993
C. August 1993 D. **October 1993**
45. What was the duration of second term of Benazir Government?
A. 1993-1994 B. 1993-1995
C. **1993-1996** D. 1993-1997
46. During Nawaz Sharif's second tenure when Pakistan became a Nuclear Power?
A. **28th May 1998** B. 28th May 1999
C. 30th May 1998 D. 30th May 1999
47. Which of the following events took place between India and Pakistan in Musharraf's era?
A. Kargil Dispute B. **Agra Summit**
C. Inauguration of train
D. All of these
48. When Nawaz Sharif was exiled to Saudi Arabia by Gen. Pervez Musharraf?
A. June 1999 B. August 1999
C. September 1999 D. **December 2000**
49. Which post Gen. Musharraf secured after taking over the power?
A. President
B. Chief Martial Law Administrator
C. **Chief Executive** D. Prime Minister